FORMERLY BPI-PHILAM LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION

FUND FACT SHEET

All data as of March 31, 2023 unless otherwise stated

Fund Objective and Strategy

The Fund aims to achieve long-term capital and income growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of fixed income and equity securities. The Fund aims to outperform its benchmark, which is composed of 50% BPI Philippine Government Bond Index and 50% Philippine Stock Exchange Index.

Fund Details

Fund Manager	BPI Asset Management and Trust Corporation
Inception Date	June 15, 2017
Fund Classification	Balanced Fund
Fund Size	PHP 51.95 Million
Fund Currency	Philippine Peso
No. of Holdings	39
Fund Management Fee	1.75% per annum

Highest and Lowest Unit Price Achieved

Initial (15 June 2017)	1.0000
Highest (30 January 2018)	1.0596
Lowest (24 March 2020)	0.8083
NAVPU - 31 March 2023	0.9622

Risk Classification

The Fund is suitable for investors with an aggressive profile or for those who take longterm views. As a marked-to-market UITF, the Fund's net asset value and total return may fall as well as rise as a result of stock prices and interest rates movements. On redemption of units, an investor may receive an amount less than the original amount of investment. Prior to investment in the Fund, the investor shall undergo a client suitability assessment procedure to determine whether the Fund is appropriate for him considering his investment objective, risk tolerance, preferences and experience.

BPI-Philam Active Allocation Fund Market Commentary

The BPI Government Bond Index returned 0.59% in March as the benchmark government yield curve flattened with the short-end of the curve rising and the long-end falling. Average daily trading volume rose to PHP14.83 billion from February's PHP11.91 billion with trades mostly seen on the long-end of the curve.

The Bureau of the Treasury (BTr) recently decreased each auction's offer size to PHP25 billion for the five FXTN issuances in March. The 6-year FXTN 7-67, 10-year FXTN 10-69, 13-year FXTN 25-7, 20-year FXTN 20-25, and 7-year FXTN 7-68 were all fully awarded at average yields of 6.172%, 6.378%, 6.167%, 6.631%, and 6.162%, respectively. Towards the end of the month, the BTr released the April auction schedule with four Treasury Bill auctions and four FXTN issuances (3-, 9-, 13-, and 7-year tenors) each with an offer size of PHP25 billion.

In the local space, February inflation printed lower than market expectations at 8.6% year-on-year. The decline in the February figure can be attributed to slower transport costs and flat utility inflation. Despite easing headline inflation, food inflation accelerated further as supply-side constraints continue. Consequently, the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) hiked its policy rate by 25 basis points to 6.25% during the March Monetary Board meeting, reiterating its commitment to fighting elevated inflation. Furthermore, the central bank trimmed its 2023 inflation forecast to 6.0% from 6.1%.

Cumulative Performance (%)

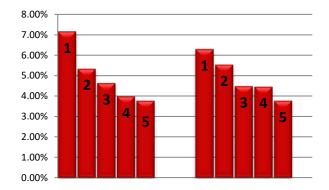
YTD 6 Months 1YR 2YR Since Inception 2.66 9.45 -3.12 2.27 -3.78

NAVPU Graph



PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION	
Allocation	% of Fund
Equities	50.55
Government Securities	40.97
Corporate Bonds	7.60
Time Deposits and Money Market	0.88

TOP 10 HOLDINGS Asset Allocation



Top Equity Holdings

(4) Retail Treasury Bond 03/07/2028

(5) Retail Treasury Bond 03/04/2027

1 SM Investments Corporation	7.15%
② SM Prime Holdings, Inc.	5.33%
③ BDO Unibank, Inc.	4.63%
4 Bank of the Philippine Islands	3.98%
(5) Int'l. Container Terminal Services, Inc.	3.77%
Top Fixed Income Holdings	
① Fixed Rate Treasury Note 10/20/2032	6.29%
② Fixed Rate Treasury Note 7/19/2031	5.53%
② Fixed Rate Treasury Note 7/19/2031③ Fixed Rate Treasury Note 11/24/2042	5.53% 4.48%

4.45%

3.77%

Risk Warning: Past performance is not indicative of future results. Our investment management services relate to a variety of investments, each of which can fluctuate in value. The value of portfolios we manage may fall as seel las rise, and the investor may not get back the full amount originally invested. The investment risks vary between different types of instruments. For example, for investments involving exposure to a currency other than that in which the portfolio is denominated, changes in the rate of exchange may cause the value of investments, and consequently the value of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of investments, and consequently the value of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of investments, and consequently the value of substantially. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of the merits and risks involved. Disclaimer: Unless otherwise noted, all information contained herein is sourced from BPI AIA* internal data. The content included herein has been shared with various in-house departments within BPI AIA*, in the ordinary course of completion. PlaA* complies with the confidentiality requirements of their respective jurisdictions. Parts of this presentation may be based on information received from sources we consider reliable. We do not represent that all of this information is accurate or complete, however, and it may not be relied upon as such.