

FUND FACT SHEET

All data as of October 31, 2023 unless otherwise stated

Fund Objective and Strategy

The Fund aims to achieve long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed income securities. The Fund aims to provide excess return over the composite benchmark, 50% Philippine Stock Exchange index (PSEi) and 50% return of the BPI Philippine Government Bond 1-5 Year Index, net of tax.

Fund Details

Fund Manager	BPI WEALTH – A Trust Corporation
Inception Date	March 12, 2015
Fund Classification	Balanced Fund
Fund Size	PHP2,923.02 Million
Fund Currency	Philippine Peso
No. of Holdings	54
Fund Management Fee	1.50% per annum

Highest and Lowest Unit Price Achieved

Initial (12 March 2015)	1.0000
Highest (30 January 2018)	1.0793
Lowest (17 March 2020)	0.8382
NAVPU – 31 October 2023	0.9087

Risk Classification

The Fund is suitable for investors with an aggressive profile or for those who take longterm views. As a marked-to-market UITF, the Fund's net asset value and total return may fall as well as rise as a result of stock prices and interest rates movements. On redemption of units, an investor may receive an amount less than the original amount of investment. Prior to investment in the Fund, the investor shall undergo a client suitability assessment procedure to determine whether the Fund is appropriate for him considering his investment objective, risk tolerance, preferences and experience.

BPI-Philam Balanced Fund Market Commentary

The BPI Government Bond Index returned -1.33% in October as the local yield curve bear steepened, rising 45 basis points (bps) on average. Average daily trading volume for the month amounted to PHP10.15 billion lower than September's PHP18.22 billion with trades mostly seen on the short-end of the curve.

The Bureau of the Treasury (BTr) held only three FXTN auctions in October. The 5-year FXTN 10-64, 7-year FXTN 7-70, and 10-year FXTN 10-71 re-issuances were fully awarded at average yields of 6.512%, 6.675 and 5.946, respectively. Towards the end of the month, the BTr released the November auction schedule with five Treasury Bill auctions and five FXTN issuances (5-, 7-, 10-, 15-, and 6-year tenors) with an offer size of PHP30 billion each.

In the local space, September headline inflation rose by 6.1% year-on-year, exceeding market expectations of 5.7%. Coming from last month's 5.3%, inflation continued to accelerate as food and energy prices jumped with rice prices surging 17.9% year-on-year. Consequently, the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) delivered an off-cycle rate hike, raising its key policy rate by 25 basis points in an effort to subdue the persistent price pressures. The BSP's FY2024 inflation forecast was raised to 4.7% from the previous 4.3%. With regard to the upcoming November Monetary Board meeting, the central bank noted that it would remain data dependent in considering the future path of policy rates.

The Philippine Stock Exchange Index (PSEi) sank below the 6,000 mark as a slew of unfavourable macro-economic developments kept investors on the edge. On the global front, weakness in US indices and global equities was evident as an effect of rising yields where 10-year US Treasury yields climbed over 5% for the first time since 2007. Moreover, the US Federal Reserve (Fed) maintained their hawkish stance as they opted to keep interest rates elevated to fight sticky inflation. The on-going geopolitical tensions between Israel and Hamas added to concerns with its potential escalation to other nations in the Middle East. This pose further risk to global oil prices. On the local economic front, the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) decided to hike its policy rate by 25 basis points to 6.5% in an off-cycle meeting to counter supply-side pressures in CPI inflation. The PSEi dipped 5.5% month-on-month in October to close at 5,973.78.

Trading activity in October subsided after strong activity seen in index-rebalancing events in September. Average daily turnover registered at US\$81 million or 37.8% lower month-on-month. Meanwhile, foreigners continued to be net sellers with US\$171 million worth of outflows.

In terms of stock performance, the top three gainers for the month included: ACEN (+7.94%), TEL (+2.89%) and EMI (+0.24%). Meanwhile, the bottom three performers were: SCC (-16.91%), AGI (-13.96%) and CNVRG (-12.81%).

Cumulative Performance (%)

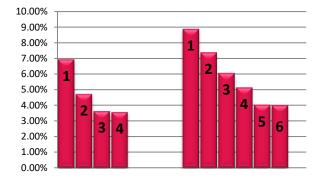
YTD 6 Months 1YR 2YR Inception -2.61 -4.71 1.24 -6.56 -9.13

NAVPU Graph



PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION			
Allocation	% of Fund		
Equities	42.83		
Cash	0.26		
Corporates	9.09		
Time Deposits and Money Market	3.99		
Government	43.50		
Other Receivables - Net of Liabilities	0.33		

TOP HOLDINGS Asset Allocation



Top Equity Holdings	
1 SM Investments Corporation	6.92%
② SM Prime Holdings, Inc.	4.71%
③ BDO Unibank, Inc.	3.61%
4 Bank of the Philippine Islands	3.55%
Top Fixed Income Holdings	
1 Retail Treasury Bond 3/7/2028	8.87%
② Fixed Rate Treasury Note 2/14/2026	7.37%
③ Retail Treasury Bond 3/4/2027	6.05%
4 Fixed Rate Treasury Note 4/8/2026	5.13%
(5) Retail Treasury Bond 8/22/2028	4.02%
(6) Time Deposit	3.99%

Risk Warning: Past performance is not indicative of future results. Our investment management services relate to a variety of investments, each of which can fluctuate in value. The value of portfolios we manage may fall as well as rise, and the investor may not get back the full amount originally invested. The investment risks vary between different types of instruments. For example, for investments involving exposure to a currency other than that in which the portfolio is denominated, changes in the rate of exchange may cause the value of investments, and consequently the value of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of investments are value of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of investments, and consequently the value of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of investments, and consequently the value of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio to down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio to generate the portfolio to the case of a higher valuality profit of the portfolio to generate the portfolio to the portfolio t