

FORMERLY BPI-PHILAM LIFE ASSURANCE CORPO

## **FUND FACT SHEET**

All data as of December 29, 2022 unless otherwise stated

## **Fund Objective and Strategy**

The Fund aims to achieve long-term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of equities and fixed income instruments. The Fund shall invest at least 90% of its net assets in equity securities under normal market conditions. The Fund aims to outperform its composite benchmark, 90% BPI Philippine Equity Total Return Index plus 10% return of the 91-day Philippine Treasury Bill (net of tax).

## **Fund Details**

Fund Manager	BPI Investment Management Inc.
Inception Date	March 21, 2017
Fund Classification	Equity Fund
Fund Size	PHP 153.39 Million
Fund Currency	Philippine Peso
No. of Holdings	28
Fund Management Fee	2.00% per annum

#### **Highest and Lowest Unit Price Achieved**

Initial (21 March 2017)	1.0000
Highest (30 January 2018)	1.1664
Lowest (23 March 2020 )	0.6085
NAVPU – 29 December 2022	0.8184

#### **Risk Classification**

The Fund is suitable for investors who take medium- to long-term views. Prior to investment in the Fund, the investor shall undergo a client suitability assessment procedure to determine whether the Fund is appropriate for him considering his investment objective, risk tolerance, preferences and experience. As a marked-to-market Mutual Fund, the Fund's net asset value, and total return may fluctuate as a result of movements in stock prices and interest rates. On redemption of shares, an investor may receive an amount less than the original amount of investment. Liquidity risk also needs to be taken into account.

## **BPI-Philam Growth Fund 2**

### **Market Commentary**

The Philippines ended 2022 with a 3.16% drop in December to close at 6,566.39. Investors took the opportunity to take some profits after the market rallied by 18% in October and November. Investor focus again shifted back to global monetary policy, as central banks continued to hint on rising rates going forward.

For the year, the Philippine stock market recorded a 7.81% decline, and marked the third straight year of negative returns.

On the macro front, inflation accelerated to 8.0% year-on-year in November, higher than consensus estimate of 7.8%. Prices of food rose due to a severe tropical storm, while higher transport fares also contributed to the above-estimate inflation print. The latest monthly figure brought up 2022 average inflation to 5.6%.

The Bangko Sentral (BSP) raised its policy rate by 50bp, matching the rate hike announced by US Federal Reserve. The BSP policy rate is now 5.5%, the highest in 14 years. While the market expects the Fed to raise rates by another 50-75bp next year, BSP Governor Medalla pointed out he sees less "urgency" to match the Fed. This is likely influenced by the moves of the PHP which strengthened against the USD. The PHP rose 1.5% MoM against the US\$ in December.

TEL (-24.83%) was this month's worst performer and was top foreign sold, with the stock seeing net outflows of US\$40m, after the company acknowledged that it had overspent as much as P48bn (-US\$900m) on its capex budget over the last four years. Other laggards for the month included MONDE (-12.34%) and MEG (-10.71%).

We expect the market to be buoyed by optimism coming into the new year, with expectations for a 16% earnings growth year-on-year. Valuations should provide support to the market, which is trading at 13.5x P/E based on 2023 earnings, well below historical

## **Cumulative Performance (%)**

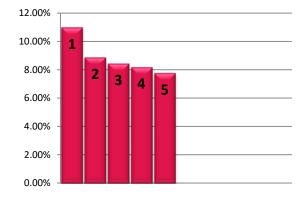
YTD 6 Months 1YR 2YR Inception -6.06 6.90 -8.44 -5.10 -18.16

## **NAVPU Graph**



PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION	
Allocation	% of Fund
Equities	89.03
Time Deposits and Money Market	10.97

# **TOP HOLDINGS Asset Allocation**



① Time Deposit	10.97%
② SM Prime Holdings, Inc.	8.85%
③ SM Investments Corporation	8.43%
④ Bank of the Philippine Islands	8.17%
(5) BDO Unibank, Inc.	7.76%

Risk Warning: Past performance is not indicative of future results. Our investment management services relate to a variety of investments, each of which can fluctuate in value. The value of portfolios we manage may fall as well as rise, and the investor may not get back the full amount originally invested. The investment risks vary between different types of instruments. For example, for investments involving exposure to a currency other than that in which the portfolio is denominated, changes in the rate of exchange may cause the value of investments, and consequently the value of the portfolio, to go up or down. In the case of a higher valuality profit of investments, and consequently the value of such an investment may fall suddenly and substantially. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of the merits and risks involved. Disclaimer: Unless otherwise noted, all information contained herein is sourced from BPI AIA\* internal data. The content included herein has been shared with various in-house departments within BPI AIA\*, in the ordinary course of completion. PlaA\* complies with the confidentiality requirements of their respective jurisdictions. Parts of this presentation may be based on information received from sources we consider reliable. We do not represent that all of this information is accurate or complete, however, and it may not be relied upon as such.