

FORMERLY BPI-PHILAM LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION

FUND FACT SHEET

All data as of September 30, 2024 unless otherwise stated

Fund Objective and Strategy

The Fund is for US Dollar investors who want to achieve capital appreciation and income growth over a period of time. To achieve this, the Fund will be invested in a diversified portfolio of US dollar-denominated fixed income instruments issued by the Philippine government, corporations, & financial institutions. The Fund aims to outperform its benchmark, the JP Morgan Chase Asia Total Return Philippines Index.

Fund Details

Fund Manager	BPI WEALTH – A Trust Corporation
Inception Date	March 12, 2015
Fund Classification	Long Term Bond Fund
Fund Size	USD 1.53 Million
Fund Currency	United States Dollar
No. of Holdings	13
Fund Management Fee	1.25% per annum

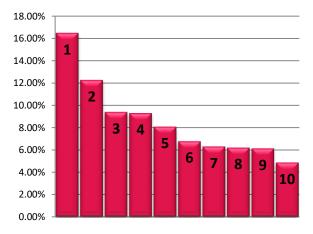
Highest and Lowest Unit Price Achieved

Initial (12 March 2015)	1.0000
Highest (17 September 2024)	1.2818
Lowest (17 June 2015)	0.9907
NAVPU – 30 September 2024	1.2798

Risk Classification

The Fund is suitable for investors with an aggressive profile or for those who take longterm views. As a marked-to-market UITF, the Fund's net asset value and total return may fall as well as rise as a result of stock prices and interest rates movements. On redemption of units, an investor may receive an amount less than the original amount of investment. Prior to investment in the Fund, the investor shall undergo a client suitability assessment procedure to determine whether the Fund is appropriate for him considering his investment objective, risk tolerance, preferences and experience.

TOP 10 HOLDINGS Asset Allocation



BPI-Philam Odyssey Philippine Dollar Bond Fund Market Commentary

The JP Morgan Asia Credit Index (JACI) Philippines returned 1.61% in September as Philippine dollar-denominated yields declined, tracking the movements in US Treasuries. The 10-year US Treasury bond yield dropped by 12 bps from 3.90% to 3.78% in the same period.

Global bond yields fell further as the US Federal Reserve finally started its easing cycle by reducing the policy rates by 50 basis points. Moreover, the Fed released its projection materials which showed Fed officials expecting more rate cuts until 2026. US inflation slowed from 2.9% in July to 2.5% in August, in line with expectations. Meanwhile, the Core PCE Index or the Personal Consumption Expenditure Core Price Index, which is the Fed's preferred gauge for inflation, rose at a mild pace from 2.6% in June to 2.7% in July, also in line with expectations.

On the domestic front, August inflation came in at 3.3%, lower than the previous print of 4.4% and the 3.6% median forecast. The sharp decline was brought by slower year-on-year increase in rice prices, decline in oil prices, and cheaper imports through stronger Philippine peso against the US dollar. In a surprise move, the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas slashed banks' reserve requirement ratio from 9% to 7.5%. This policy change will free up more cash in banks, making it available for investing or lending.

Cumulative Performance (%)



Allocation	% of Fund
Government	60.97
Corporates	34.09
Cash	3.60
Time Deposits and Money Market	0.00
Other Receivables - Net of Liabilities	1.34

$(\widehat{1})$ Republic of the Philippines Bonds 05/14/2049	16.48%
2 Republic of the Philippines Bonds 10/13/2047	12.26%
(3) Globe Telecom, Inc. 7/23/2035	9.39%
4 Republic of the Philippines Bonds 01/17/2048	9.30%
(5) Jollibee Foods Corp. 01/24/2026	8.07%
6 Republic of the Philippines Bonds 02/02/2030	6.77%
7 Aboitiz Equity Ventures, Inc. 1/16/2030	6.29%
(8) Republic of the Philippines Bonds 10/23/2034	6.20%
(9) Int'l Container Terminal Services, Inc. 6/17/2030	6.13%
10 Republic of the Philippines Bonds 03/29/2047	4.86%

Risk Warning: Past performance is not indicative of future results. Our investment management services relate to a variety of investments, each of which can fluctuate in value. The value of portfolios we manage may fall as seel as rise, and the investor may not get back the full amount originally invested. The investment risks vary between different types of instruments. For example, for investments involving exposure to a currency other than that in which the portfolio is denominated, changes in the rate of exchange may cause the value of such an anage may fall suddenly and substantially. In making an investment result is volvelity portfolio is the rate of exchange may cause the value of such an investment may fall suddenly and substantially. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of the merits and risks involved. **Disclaimer**: Unless otherwise noted, all information contained herein is sourced from BPI AIA⁺ internal data. The content included herein has been shared with various in-house departments within BPI AIA⁺, in the originally content. Ala⁺ complies with the Contificantially requirements of their respective jurvations. Parts of this presentation may be based on information received from sources we consider reliable. We do not represent that all of this information is accurate or complete, however, and it may not be relied upon as such.